

Procedure - Special Education and Related Services for Eligible Students

The purpose of the Educational Service District 112's special education program (henceforth known as ESD 112) procedures is to address program areas where state and federal regulations require specific local procedures or permit local discretionary choices and to set forth the procedures ESD 112 will follow in providing special education and related services to eligible students residing in school districts that are members of the ESD 112 Special Education Educational Service Agency (ESA) member districts. ESD 112 is the Local Education Agency (LEA) for purposes of special education provision of instructional services. ESD 112 is responsible for the free appropriate public education (FAPE) of eligible students residing in ESA member districts. These procedures address areas where state and federal regulations require specific local procedures or permit local exercise of discretion.

The state regulations governing implementation of special education services pursuant to the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act (IDEA) of 2004 are addressed in [Chapter 392-172A WAC](#). These procedures do not address all of the requirements established in the regulations. ESD 112 and ESA member district personnel who are not familiar with the regulations need to contact the special education department executive director at 360 750-7500 if there are questions regarding special education. These procedures describe how the ESD 112 implements its special education program.

Free Appropriate Public Education (FAPE)

The ESD 112 will apply annually for Federal Part B and state special education funding to assist in the provision of special education and any necessary related services. This funding is in addition to students' basic education funding and state special education funding.

The superintendent, in consultation with building staff, will annually determine whether to use Early Intervening Services (EIS) funding for students who have not been identified as needing special education or related services, but who need additional academic and behavioral support to succeed in a general education environment.

The ESD 112 will annually report to the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI) the number of students receiving EIS; and the number of students who received EIS and subsequently received special education and related services under Part B of IDEA during the preceding two-year period.

Services to eligible special education students, ages three to 22, will be provided without charge to the student. This does not include incidental fees that are normally charged to all students. Special education services will include preschool, elementary, and secondary education and are provided in conformance with the student's Individualized Education Program (IEP).

The ESD 112 provides a continuum of services for students, regardless of the funding source. Where the ESD 112 is unable to provide all or part of the special education or necessary related services, it will make arrangements through contracts with other public or non-public sources, inter-ESD 112 agreements, or interagency coordination.

Students Covered by Public or Private Insurance

The ESD 112 may use Medicaid or other public insurance benefits programs in which a student participates to provide or pay for services required to provide a FAPE, as permitted by the public insurance program. However, the ESD 112 will not:

- A. Require parents to sign up for or enroll in public benefits or insurance programs in order for their student to receive FAPE under Part B of the IDEA;
- B. Require parents to incur an out-of-pocket expense, such as the payment of a deductible or co-pay amount, incurred in filing a claim;

- C. Use a parent or student's benefits under a public insurance programs if that use would:
 - 1. Decrease available lifetime coverage or any other insured benefit;
 - 2. Result in the family paying for services required after school hours that would otherwise be covered by the public insurance program;
 - 3. Increase premiums or result in discontinuation of insurance; or
 - 4. Risk loss of eligibility for home and community-based waivers, based on aggregate health-related expenditures.

The ESD 112 may access a parent's private insurance proceeds to provide FAPE to an eligible student only if the parent provides informed consent to the ESD 112. Whenever the ESD 112 proposes to access the parent's private insurance proceeds, the ESD 112 will:

- A. Obtain parent consent in accordance with [Chapter 392-172A WAC](#) each time the ESD 112 wishes to access benefits for a new procedure; and
- B. Inform the parents that their refusal to permit the ESD 112 to access their insurance does not relieve the ESD 112 of its responsibility to ensure that all required services are provided at no cost to the parents.

Before first accessing a parent's or student's public benefits, for the first time and annually after the first notification, the ESD 112 will provide written notification using the prior written notice provisions under [WAC 392-172A-05010\(3\)](#) that includes:

- A. A statement of the parental consent provisions;
- B. A statement of the "no cost" provisions;
- C. A statement that the parents may withdraw their consent to disclose personally identifiable information to the agency responsible for administering the state's public benefits or insurance, and
- D. A statement that a parent's withdrawal or refusal to consent does not relieve the school ESD 112 of its responsibility to ensure that all required services are provided at no cost to the parents.

After providing the required notification, the ESD 112 will obtain written informed consent from the parent allowing the ESD 112 to disclose information from the student's educational records to the agency responsible for administering the state's public benefits or insurance programs. The consent will specify:

- 1. The personally identifiable information that may be disclosed, such as records or information about the services that may be provided to the student;
- 2. The purpose of the disclosure;
- 3. The agency to which the disclosure will be made; and
- 4. That the parent understands and agrees that the public agency may access the parent's or student's public benefits or insurance to pay for services under the act.

To avoid financial cost to parents who would otherwise consent to use private insurance, or public benefits if the parent would incur a cost such as a deductible or co-pay, the ESD 112 may use its Part B funds to pay the cost the parents would incur.

The IEP case-manger is responsible for providing the required notices and requests for consent to parents under this section.

Parent Participation in Meetings

The ESD 112 encourages parental involvement and sharing of information between ESD 112 and parents to support the provision of appropriate services to its students. As used in these procedures, the term "parent" includes biological and adoptive parents, legal guardians, persons acting in the place of a parent, such as

relatives and stepparents, foster parents, persons appointed as surrogate parents, and adult students.

Parents (and as appropriate, students) will be provided the opportunity to participate in any meetings with respect to the identification, evaluation, educational placement, and provision of a FAPE, including IEP team meetings, school discipline, and truancy meetings.

When a meeting is scheduled parents will be:

- A. Notified of the meeting early enough that they will have an opportunity to attend;
- B. Notified of the availability of interpretation and translation services at no cost to the parents;
- C. Notified of the purpose, time, and location of the meeting and who will be in attendance;
- D. The parent will be notified that the ESD 112 or the parent may invite others who have knowledge or special expertise of the student; and
- E. The meetings will be scheduled at a mutually agreeable time and place.

The ESD 112 will take whatever action is necessary to ensure that the parent understands the proceedings of the IEP team meeting, including but not limited to, arranging for an interpreter for parents who are deaf or hard of hearing or whose native language is other than English. The ESD 112 will maintain documentation of the language in which families prefer to communicate and whether a qualified interpreter for the student's family was provided.

The staff person responsible for inviting the parents to meetings will keep documentation of the information provided and the methods used to notify the parents of the meeting. The ESD 112 may proceed with a meeting if the ESD 112 is not able to convince the parent to attend. In this case, the ESD 112 will document its attempts to arrange the meeting. This documentation will include records of telephone calls and the results, copies of correspondence sent to the parent, and/or other means used to contact the parent.

This documentation will be kept in the student's special education file.

The evaluation case-manager (for evaluations) or IEP case-manager (for IEP meetings) will be responsible for notification, forms (as appropriate), invitations, prior written notice, securing translation services (as appropriate) and other relevant information related to parent participation.

If the parent cannot attend a meeting but wishes to participate, the ESD 112 will arrange for other means to participate. This can include individual or conference phone calls, video, or other means of conferencing.

A meeting does not include informal or unscheduled conversations involving ESD 112 personnel; conversations on issues such as teaching methodology, lesson plans, coordination of service provisions; or preparatory activities that ESD 112 personnel engage in to develop a proposal or a response to a parent proposal to be discussed at a later meeting.

Identification and Referral (Child Find)

A. Identification

The purpose of Child Find is to locate, evaluate, and identify children with suspected disabilities in need of special education services including those who are not currently receiving special education and related services and who may be eligible for those services. Activities are to reach:

- 1. Children residing in the school ESA partner school district boundaries including preschool-aged children;
- 2. Children attending approved, nonprofit private elementary and secondary schools located within the ESA partner school district boundaries.
- 3. Highly mobile children (such as children experiencing homelessness, in foster care, and

living in migrant conditions);

4. Children who have a disability and may need special education services even though they are advancing from grade to grade; and
5. Children at home or home-schooled.

The ESD 112 will consult with parents and representatives of private school students to ensure its Child Find activities are comparable in approved, nonprofit private schools located within ESD 112's ESA district boundaries. These consultations will occur annually by telephone, meetings or letters, with follow-up meetings as needed throughout the year.

The ESD 112 reaches students who may be eligible for special education services through:

1. Notification to parents ESD 112-wide through local papers or other media;
2. Information regarding child find on the ESD 112's website;
3. Notification to private schools located in the ESD 112's ESA boundaries;
4. Posting notices regarding screening and referral in school buildings and public locations including DSHS community service offices, Employment Security offices, grocery stores, Laundromats, day cares, community preschool sites, and physicians' offices;
5. Notifying and coordinating with the designated Part C lead agencies;
6. Early childhood screenings conducted by the ESD 112;
7. Coordination with other public and private agencies and practitioners;
8. Written information provided to ESD 112 staff on referral procedures;
9. Training teachers and administrators on referral/evaluation/identification procedures; and
10. Review of student behavior, discipline, and absentee information and information gathered from ESD 112-wide assessment activities.

When ESD 112 staff have concerns that a student may have a suspected disability that could result in eligibility for special education services, they will notify their building administrator, school psychologist and/or the district's special education administrator in the ESA member district.

The ESD 112's special education department conducts 3–5-year-old childhood screenings for possible referral to special education evaluation. These occur as needed in smaller ESA member districts and at least quarterly in larger ESA member districts greater than 1000 students. The ESD 112 partners with local Birth to 2 service providers for referral, evaluation and (when appropriate) special education services. When parents or others inquire about screenings, the caller will be referred to the lead agency in that region, conducting B-2 screenings (Part C), assessments and IFSP services.

The screening process involves the following:

1. Parents are asked to provide information to assist in assessing their child;
2. Children are screened to assess cognitive, communication, physical, social-emotional, and adaptive development.

Parents will be notified at the screening of the results and the parents will also be provided with written notice of the results within ten days of the screening. If the screening supports evaluation, ESD 112 will obtain written consent for an evaluation at the exit interview, if possible, or will include consent forms with the written notice notifying the parents of the results. If the screening results indicate that the child does not need an evaluation, written notice will be sent to the parents within

10 days of the screening explaining the basis for the ESD 112's decision not to evaluate. Evaluation occurs in accordance with evaluation procedures.

B. Referral

A student, whether or not enrolled in an ESA member district school, may be referred for a special education evaluation by parents, ESA partner school district staff, ESD 112 staff, or other persons knowledgeable about the student. The ESD 112 will designate a person responsible for ensuring that ESD 112 staff understands the referral process. Referrals are required to be in writing unless the person referring is unable to write and/or communicate orally. A person who makes a referral orally must be provided with the optional ESD 112 referral form in the requestor's native language and offered assistance in completing the referral with the support of a qualified interpreter when needed.

When a referral is made, the ESD 112 must act within a 25 school-day timeline to make a decision about whether or not the student will receive an evaluation for eligibility for special education services and provide the parents/guardians with prior written notice of the decision to evaluate or not.

All certificated employees will document referrals immediately upon a referral being made to or by them. All other staff receiving a referral from another person will notify the building principal, school psychologist or special education administrator. The school psychologist or if speech language referral only, the speech pathologist (henceforth: evaluation case-manager): (a) records the referral; (b) provides written notice of the referral to the parent, including the date the request was received; and (c) advises the special education evaluation team to collect and review student data and information provided by the parent to determine whether evaluation is warranted.

During the referral period the evaluation case-manager will collect and review existing information from all sources, including parents. Examples may include:

1. Child's history, including developmental milestones;
2. Report cards and progress reports;
3. Individual teacher's or other provider information regarding the child including observations;
4. Assessment data;
5. Medical information, if provided; and
6. Other information that may be relevant to assist in determining whether the child should be evaluated.

If the review of data occurs at a meeting, the parent will be invited. The special education evaluation case-manager provides written notice to the parents of the decision regarding evaluation, whether or not the parents attend the meeting.

Recommendations regarding evaluation are forwarded to the special education team within the school building.

After the district and special education staff reviews the request for evaluation and supporting data and does not suspect that the child has a disability, the ESD 112 may deny the request. In this case written notice, including the reason for the denial and the information used as the basis for the denial, must be given to the parent.

If the determination is that the child should be evaluated, the reviewers will include information about the recommended areas of evaluation, including the need for further medical evaluation of the student. This information will assist the ESD 112 in providing parents prior written notice and will assist the ESD 112 in selecting appropriate evaluation group members. The evaluation case-manager is responsible for notifying parents of the results using prior written notice. When the determination is that the child will be evaluated, parent consent for evaluation and consent for release of appropriate records will be sent with the notice.

The special education evaluation case-manager will seek parental consent to conduct the evaluation without any unnecessary delay. ESD 112 is not required to obtain consent from the biological parent if:

1. The student is a ward of the state and does not reside with a parent;
2. The parent cannot be located, or their rights have been terminated; or
3. Consent for an evaluation is given by an individual appointed to represent the student.

When the parent provides consent, the ESD 112 will select an evaluation group. The evaluation group is to complete the evaluation within 35 school days after the ESD 112's receipt of parent consent, unless:

1. The parents and ESD 112 agree in writing to extend the timeline;
2. The parent fails or refuses to make the student available for the evaluation; or
3. The student enrolls in another school district after the evaluation begins but before its completion, and the parent and the new district agree to complete it.

If a parent does not provide written, informed consent for the evaluation, the evaluation case-manager will notify the ESD 112 special education director, and they will assist the special education evaluation team staff to make a determination as to whether it wishes to use mediation to seek agreement to evaluate or file a due process hearing to override the parent's refusal to consent. The ESD 112 may not override a parent's refusal to consent for an evaluation if the student is homeschooled or is unilaterally placed in a private school. If the parent does not provide written informed consent and the ESD 112 does not use mediation or due process, the evaluation case-manager will provide the parent with prior written notice informing the parent that the ESD 112 cannot proceed with the evaluation to determine eligibility and is not responsible for providing special education and related services without an initial evaluation to determine eligibility.

Evaluation and Reevaluation

A. Evaluation of Students moving from Part C to Part B and Participation in Transition Planning Conferences

The ESD 112 will participate in transition planning conferences, arranged by the local lead agency as designee of the Part C lead agency for each student who may be eligible for preschool services. Transition plans will be designed to promote uninterrupted provision of appropriate services to the child.

1. The evaluation case-manager will serve as the point of contact with the family resource coordinator for timely execution of transition planning conferences that are arranged at least 90 days before the student's third birthday by the designee of the Part C agency;
2. Within 25 school days following the transition planning conference, a determination whether or not to evaluate the student for Part B services will be made;
3. The ESD 112 will follow the procedures for obtaining consent and conducting an initial evaluation, and provide prior written notice of the decision, if it determines that the student will be evaluated to determine eligibility for Part B services;

The ESD 112 will follow the procedures for timelines and evaluation requirements for students moving from Part C to Part B. However, students turning three, who were previously determined eligible for early intervention services under Part C of the IDEA, will be evaluated for initial eligibility for special education services under Part B of the IDEA. The evaluation must be completed in enough time to develop an initial IEP by the date of the student's third birthday.

B. Evaluation Requirements

The purpose of the evaluation is to collect information about a student's functional, developmental,

and academic skills and achievements from a variety of sources, to determine whether a student qualifies for special education and related services, and to develop an IEP. This includes information provided by the parent. All information gathered in this process is reviewed by the IEP team or other group of qualified professionals.

The evaluation must be an individual assessment designed to determine:

1. Whether the student is eligible for special education and any necessary related services; and,
2. The nature and extent of special education and related services needed by the student, including information related to enabling the child to be involved in and progress in the general education curriculum.

The evaluation case-manager will select the members of the evaluation group. Members selected must be knowledgeable about the student and the areas of suspected disabilities. Qualifications of a group member include having the appropriate professional license or certification and may include outside practitioners when necessary. When assessing for specific learning disabilities, the parent and a group of qualified professionals must be part of the group. If the student requires a medical evaluation in order to determine eligibility, the ESD 112 will coordinate with the parents to arrange for the evaluation at ESD 112 expense or through the use of public or private insurance if the parent consents to allow the ESD 112 to use the insurance.

There are many legal requirements for conducting evaluations. Evaluation procedures or materials must be free of racial, cultural, or sexual/gender bias and they must be used for the purpose for which they are valid and reliable. Tests must be appropriate for the student's age and stage of developmental level. Tests should be administered in the native language of the student or conducted in the mode of communication most familiar to the student. If it appears to be clearly not feasible to conduct a procedure or test in the mode of communication most frequently used by the student, the IEP team will contact the special education administrator to develop an individualized strategy for valid evaluation of the student's skills. The inclusion of parents in this collaboration is desirable and strongly encouraged.

Specific areas to be included in the evaluation are determined by the evaluation case-manager and other qualified professionals, as appropriate, as part of a review of existing data concerning the student. The evaluation does not rely on one source or procedure as the sole criterion for determination and should include:

1. Review of existing data, including corresponding response to intervention (RTI) documentation;
2. Relevant functional and developmental information;
3. Information from parents;
4. Information from other providers;
5. Information related to enabling access to and progress within the general education curriculum and assisting in determining whether there is a disability and the content of the IEP;
6. Current classroom-based evaluations, using criterion-referenced and curriculum-based methods, anecdotal records, and observations;
7. Teacher and related service providers' observations; and
8. Testing and other evaluation materials, which may include medical or other evaluations when necessary.

All current evaluation data, as well as data previously reviewed by the team, must be considered. Professional members of the evaluation team need to be familiar with qualifying disability definitions and criteria in federal and state rules.

This review of existing data may be in the form of a meeting of IEP team members or may be

conducted without a meeting. It includes data provided by parents, data gathered in the general education classroom, or data from state and ESA partner school district classroom/MTSS level assessments. The data may provide information about the student's physical condition, social or cultural background, and adaptive behavior.

When additional assessments are necessary, the group members have the responsibility of selecting, administering, interpreting, and making judgments about evaluation methods and results, and ensuring that the tests and assessments are administered by qualified personnel in accordance with the instructions of the test producer. The gathering of additional data in combination with existing data must be sufficiently comprehensive to address all areas of the suspected disability and any special education needs, whether linked to the disability category or not. If the IEP Team determines that no additional data are needed, the IEP team will notify the student's parent of that determination and the reasons for it and inform them of their right to request additional assessments. The ESD 112 will complete the evaluation using existing data.

Parents and ESD 112 staff are encouraged to work towards consensus, but the school ESD 112 has the ultimate responsibility to determine whether the student has a disability or not. The evaluation case-manager will provide the parent with prior written notice of the eligibility decision, as well as a copy of the evaluation report. If the parent disagrees with the eligibility decision, they will be informed of their dispute resolution options described in the procedural safeguards.

C. Specific Learning Disability (SLD)

1. The ESD 112 continues to use the severe discrepancy approach for identifying students with a SLD;

Student response is only one element of determining whether a child has a specific learning disability. The evaluation will be comprehensive and address all areas of suspected disability and will also include whether the child performs adequately to meet the grade-level standards in the general curriculum. The evaluation will also include whether failure to make progress is or is not the result of:

1. A physical, mental, emotional, cultural or environmental factor or limited English proficiency; or
2. Inadequate instruction in reading or mathematics.

The ESD 112 must act promptly on a referral. Anyone, including parents and teachers, can make a referral at any time. If a student is participating in a tiered intervention system within the ESD member district, the student cannot be required to progress through all levels of intervention before being evaluated if evidence exists to suspect a disability.

D. Evaluation of Transfer Students

If a student transfers into an ESA partner school district while an evaluation process is pending from another district, the evaluation case-manager is responsible for determining the status of evaluations conducted to date and making a determination as to whether the evaluation can be completed within the 35 school-day timeline from the date the parent provided consent. If the determination is that additional time will be needed, the evaluation case-manager will notify the parent and obtain the parent's agreement to establish a new timeline.

E. Eligibility

The evaluation group and the parent will determine whether or not the student is eligible for special education services.

1. A student is not eligible if the determinant factor is lack of appropriate instruction in reading or math, based upon the state's grade level expectations or limited English proficiency; and
2. Eligibility may be determined by documented professional judgment when:
 - a. Properly validated tests are unavailable; or
 - b. Corroborating evidence indicates that results were influenced due to measuring a disability.

The parent will be provided with a copy of the evaluation report and the documentation of the eligibility determination.

Parents will also be provided with prior written notice of the eligibility decision. The evaluation case-manager is responsible for sending the notice.

Students remain eligible for special education services until one of four events occur:

1. The student is determined through a reevaluation to no longer be eligible for special education;
2. The student has met the ESA member district's high school graduation requirements;
3. The student has reached the end of the school year in which they turned age 22. A special education student whose 22nd birthday occurs after August 31st of the current school year, will continue to be eligible for special education and any necessary related services for the remainder of the school year; or
4. The student no longer receives special education services based upon a parent's written revocation of services.

When a special education student is expected to graduate prior to age 22, or when graduation is part of the transition plan, the IEP team will document a student's progress towards achieving course credits towards graduation on the transition portion of the IEP. The ESD 112 will provide prior written notice to parents and adult students that the student is expected to graduate and will no longer be eligible for special education services. The ESD 112 will also provide the parents and student with a summary of academic achievement and functional performance and recommendations to assist the student with postsecondary goals.

[WAC 180-51-115](#) requires schools to develop procedures for granting high school graduation credits for students with disabilities; the procedures in place by the ESA member district may be applied for graduation credits.

F. Evaluation Report

Each person conducting an assessment of the student will specify the procedures and instruments used, their results and the significance of findings related to the student's instructional program, including a specification of the factors interfering with performance and the special education and related services needed.

The evaluation group will determine who is most appropriate to develop the evaluation report reflecting the evaluation information. This will be completed before the conclusion of the evaluation period and will, at a minimum:

1. Identify the disability that requires special education and related services, if a disability exists;
2. Discuss assessments and review data supporting conclusions regarding eligibility;
3. Include the additional information required for the specific learning disability eligibility category;
4. Describe how the disability or disabilities affect the student's involvement and progress in the general curriculum;
5. Make recommendations to the IEP team with respect to special education and related services needed, materials or equipment, instructional and curricular practices, student management strategies, the need for extended school year services beyond 180 school days, and location of services;
6. Include other information, as determined through the evaluation process and parent input;

7. Include the additional information required for the specific learning disability eligibility category;
8. Provide any necessary professional judgments and the facts or reasons in support of the judgments; and
9. Be signed and dated by the evaluation group members certifying their agreement. Any group member who disagrees with the conclusions of the report will prepare a separate statement representing their own conclusion.

The evaluation case-manager is responsible for notifying parents of the date, time and location of evaluation meetings by following the procedures in the parent participation section for inviting parents to meetings. Invitations may be sent via email or via phone call but must include a mailed written notice to the parent/guardian be sent prior to the meeting date.

G. **Reevaluations**

A reevaluation of a student receiving special education or related services is conducted if academic achievement and functional performance has improved to warrant a reevaluation if the IEP team suspects that the student may no longer be a student with a disability, or if the child's parent or teacher requests a reevaluation. A reevaluation does not occur more than once per year unless the parent and the ESD 112 agree otherwise. A reevaluation must occur at least once every three years, unless the parent and school staff agree that a reevaluation is unnecessary. An agreement that an evaluation is unnecessary will be confirmed in writing to the parent. The evaluation case-manager will schedule a review of this determination and notify the special education department.

When appropriate, students who turn six who met the eligibility requirements for the disability category of "Developmentally Delayed" (DD) under the criteria for ages three to six years may be, but are not required to be reevaluated at age six under the criteria for six to nine years until three years after their initial evaluation was completed.

Students who were previously eligible under the category "Developmentally Delayed" must be reevaluated before age ten to determine eligibility within another category.

As part of any reevaluation, the IEP team members and other professionals the ESD 112 determines appropriate will review existing data that includes:

1. Evaluations and information provided by the parents;
2. Current classroom-based assessment, local or state assessments, and classroom-based observations; and
3. Observations by other teachers and related services providers data.

Based on this review the team will determine whether any additional data is necessary to determine:

1. Whether the student continues to be eligible for special education and any necessary related services;
2. The present levels of performance and educational needs; and
3. Whether any additions or modifications to the student's program are needed. This review can occur with or without a meeting or through individual review. If the IEP team members and any other persons reviewing the data determine that no further testing is necessary, the ESD 112 will notify the parents of this determination, using written prior notice and will inform parents that they have the right to request assessments if they disagree with the determination that additional testing is not necessary. Parent consent is not required if the reevaluation does not require additional testing.
4. If additional testing is needed:
 - a. The evaluation case-manager will request written parental consent for

reevaluation and provide prior written notice identifying the areas of assessment;

- b. If the parents do not return the signed consent form, the evaluation case-manager will send another letter explaining the need for reevaluation and parent consent and will enclose another consent form and a copy of the prior written notice. In addition, the ESD 112 will document its reasonable attempts to obtain consent such as telephone calls, emails, personal contact, and other efforts to obtain consent;
- c. If the parents do not respond to the request for consent, and the ESD 112 has documented its reasonable attempts to obtain consent, the ESD 112 can proceed with the reevaluation; and
- d. If the parents refuse to consent to the reevaluation, the evaluation group will notify the *ESD 112 Director of the ESA* so that the ESD 112 can determine whether it will seek mediation in order to obtain consent or request a due process hearing to ask an administrative judge to override the parents' refusal to consent.

After the reevaluation is completed, the evaluation case-manager will both invite parents to the eligibility meeting and will provide prior written notice after the meeting of the results of the reevaluation to parents in their primary language, indicating one or more of the following:

- 1. Whether the student continues to be eligible and in need of special education;
- 2. Present levels of performance and educational needs of the student; and
- 3. Whether any additions or modifications to the special education and related services are needed to enable the student to meet IEP annual goals and to participate, as appropriate, in the general curriculum.

The special education department evaluation case-manager is responsible for sending the notice.

H. Reevaluation and Graduation

No reevaluation is required when special education eligibility terminates due to graduation from high school with a regular diploma or due to reaching the end of the school year during which the student turned 22. Instead, the ESD 112 will provide prior written notice to the student and the parent at least one (1) month prior to graduation and the IEP team will provide the student with a summary of academic achievement and functional performance including recommendations on how to assist the student in meeting post-secondary goals. The IEP case-manager is responsible for assuring that the IEP team completes the summary of academic achievement and functional performance.

Independent Educational Evaluations (IEE)

Parents of students eligible for special education, students referred for special education and determined to not be eligible, or students determined not to need an evaluation have a right to obtain an IEE at public expense, each time the ESD 112 has conducted or obtained an evaluation of the student.

When parents request an IEE, the ESD 112 must decide within 15 calendar days whether or not it agrees to provide it. Any parent request for an IEE should be immediately referred to ESD 112 special education administration. The evaluation team and the ESD 112 special education administrator will review the request and determine whether or not the request is warranted. If the ESD 112 agrees to provide an IEE, the ESD 112 will notify the parents of the decision and initiate the IEE process (below). If the ESD 112 denies the request to pay for an IEE, it must file for a due process hearing within 15 calendar days of the parent's request. The ESD 112 may request mediation as an option after filing the due process hearing. If the parents withdraw their request for an IEE, the due process hearing can be dismissed.

When a parent requests an IEE, the ESD 112 must provide parents with a list of ESD 112 criteria and evaluators. If ESD 112 initiates a hearing and a decision is made that the ESD 112's evaluation is appropriate, the parent still has the right to an IEE, but not at public expense. A parent is entitled to only one IEE at public expense each time the ESD 112 has conducted an evaluation with which the parent disagrees.

If the parent obtains an IEE at either public or private expense, any results of the IEE shared with the ESD 112 must be considered by the ESD 112 in any decision made with respect to providing FAPE to the student if the IEE meets the district's criteria. The IEE may also be presented as evidence at a hearing regarding the student.

The following criteria are established for the selection of an individual to conduct an IEE at public expense. These criteria are established in order to identify the knowledge, experience, and qualifications of individuals selected to conduct the evaluations. Any individual selected to conduct either a ESD 112 evaluation or an IEE must be:

1. Licensed, credentialed, or otherwise qualified within the state of Washington or state of residence/practice to perform an evaluation in the specific professional discipline for which an independent evaluation is sought;
2. Knowledgeable and experienced in evaluating children with similar disabilities;
3. Geographically located within the State of Washington and
4. Available to the ESD 112 at a maximum fee which does not exceed by more than 25% the prevailing average for similar evaluations within the state of Washington.

Exceptions to the criteria will be granted only when it can be shown that the unique circumstances of the child or the disability:

1. Make it impossible to identify anyone within the state of Washington who holds the appropriate credentials or experience necessary to conduct the evaluation; or
2. Require a specialized evaluator whose fee exceeds the prevailing average by more than 25%; or
3. Include factors which would warrant an exception in order to obtain an appropriate evaluation.

Individualized Education Programs (IEP)

A. IEP Development

The term IEP means a written statement for each student eligible for special education that is developed, reviewed, and revised in a meeting in accordance with WAC 392-172A-03095 through WAC 392-172A-03100. The IEP reflects the implementation of instructional programs and other services for students who are eligible for special education services, based on the evaluation of student needs.

An IEP must be in effect before the initiation of special education services. The IEP must be developed within 30 calendar days after the student's initial determination of eligibility for special services. IEPs must be updated annually or revised more frequently if needed to adjust the program and services.

Parent consent is required before the initial provision of special education services. If a parent refuses to consent to the provision of special education services, the ESD 112 may not use mediation or due process to override a parent's refusal. When a parent refuses to provide consent the IEP case-manager will notify the parent that the ESD 112 does not have a FAPE obligation to the student. The notification will be documented in the student's file.

The ESD 112 will maintain a copy of the current IEP, which is accessible to all staff members responsible for providing education, other services, or implementation of the IEP. All staff members will be informed of their responsibilities for its implementation. This includes not only teachers and other service providers, but also bus drivers, playground and lunchroom supervisors, nursing staff, and others who may be responsible for the proper implementation. The IEP case-manager is responsible for ensuring that staff members are knowledgeable about their responsibilities.

IEPs will be implemented without undue delay following IEP meetings, regardless of the payment source for special education and or related services.

Parents are members of the IEP team and will have the opportunity to participate fully. The ESD 112 will make sure that the parents understand the proceedings, including arranging for an interpreter for parents who are deaf or whose native language is other than English. The ESD 112 will also ensure that meeting locations are accessible. The special education department IEP case-manager is responsible for coordinating interpreters and making arrangements for the meeting location.

The ESD 112 will provide parents/guardians with a copy of the ESD 112's Restraint, Isolation and Other Uses of Reasonable Force (*Policy 3246*) and a copy of the Procedural Safeguards with each initial and annual IEP.

B. IEP Team

The IEP team includes:

1. The parent(s) of the student;
2. Not less than one general education teacher (or preschool teacher) of the student if the student is, or will be, participating in the general education environment. The general education teacher will, to the extent appropriate, participate in development of the student's IEP, including determinations of appropriate positive behavioral interventions and supports for the student; and supplementary aids and services, program modifications, and support for school personnel consistent with WAC 392-172A-01185 and WAC 392-172A-03110(2)(b);
3. Not less than one special education teacher, or if appropriate, not less than one special education provider of the student;
4. A representative of the ESD 112 or ESA member district building administrator, who is qualified to provide or supervise the provision of special education and related services, is knowledgeable about general education curriculum, and is knowledgeable about the availability of ESD 112 resources;
5. An individual who can interpret the instructional implications of the evaluation results;
6. Any other individuals who have knowledge or special expertise about the student. These individuals may be invited by both the ESD 112 and the parents, at the discretion of the person making the invitation;
7. The student, when appropriate, or when required;
8. Students must be invited when the purpose of the meeting includes discussion of transition needs or services;
9. If another agency is or may be responsible for payment or provision of transition services, an agency representative will be invited, with the parent's consent. If the agency representative cannot attend the meeting, ESD 112 personnel will keep the representative informed of the meeting and obtain agency information that will assist in the service provision; and
10. Parents will be notified of the participation of the Part C service coordinator or other designated representatives of the Part C system as specified by the state lead educational agency for Part C at the initial IEP meeting for a child previously served under Part C of IDEA.

The parent and ESD 112 must agree in writing before any of the above team members are excused from all or part of a meeting. If a team member's area of the IEP is being discussed or modified, then the parent and ESD 112 must consent to their excusal; and that specific team member must provide advance written input for their part of the IEP prior to the meeting. If a member of the IEP team is unable to attend the IEP meeting, that IEP team member is responsible for contacting the parent(s) and discussing their portion of the IEP and obtaining parent permission to be excused from the IEP meeting. The IEP team member is required to inform the IEP case-manager of the date of contact for discussion of their IEP portion and confirm parent excusal from the IEP meeting. The IEP case-

manager will obtain the parents written consent for excusal on the IEP team member excusal page of the IEP. If an IEP team member is absent due to an unforeseen circumstance (i.e., illness, personal emergency, etc.) the parents may provide written excusal for that team member at the time of the IEP meeting or request that the IEP meeting be rescheduled when the IEP team member is able to attend.

Existing team members may fill more than one of these roles if they meet the criteria for the role.

Despite multiple notifications (at least of which one notification will be in writing) sometimes parents do not attend IEP meetings.

There will also be times the parents do not agree with the IEP as proposed, and despite attempts to reach agreement on IEP content, the team does not reach agreement. If a parent attends the IEP meeting and agreement is not reached on the IEP, the team will determine whether another IEP meeting should be scheduled as soon as mutually possible, or whether there is enough information to complete the IEP. When the decision is made that the IEP will be implemented the ESD 112 must send prior written notice of the decisions reached to the parent, including the date the IEP will be implemented (but no sooner than 10 calendar days after the IEP team meeting). When the parents do not attend the IEP meeting, despite the ESD 112's efforts to ensure participation, or if the team does not reach agreement, it is the ESD 112's obligation to offer an appropriate educational program:

1. Have IEP members present sign the IEP (or document participation if any member is unwilling to sign);
2. Send a copy to the parent, and provide the parent prior written notice that the ESD 112 intends to implement the IEP; and
3. Indicate and/or upload documentation to the ESD 112 special education documentation system (IEPonline) for proof of invitation when parents do not attend the meeting.

When making changes to an IEP after the annual IEP meeting for a school year, the parent and the ESD 112 may agree not to convene an IEP meeting for the purpose of making changes. The parent and the ESD 112 must complete a written document indicating the changes and inform IEP team members and appropriate individuals of the changes. The IEP case-manager is responsible for ensuring all IEP team members are aware of any changes to the amended IEP. If the parent requests that the ESD 112 revise the IEP to include the amendments, the IEP case-manager will revise the IEP or schedule an IEP team meeting to discuss the proposed amendments with the parents.

C. IEP Preparation and Content

IEP teams will consider the recommendations in the initial or most recent evaluation to develop the IEP. In developing each IEP, the team must consider:

1. The strengths of the student including the academic, developmental, and functional needs of the student and the concerns of the parents for enhancing the education of their child;
2. Whether positive behavioral interventions and supports, including a behavioral intervention plan, as defined by WAC 392-172A-01031, are needed to address the student's behavior;
3. The language needs of the student as those needs relate to the student's IEP, for a student with limited English proficiency;
4. Whether Braille instruction is appropriate for a student who is blind or visually impaired;
5. The communication needs of the student (and in the case of a student who is deaf or hard of hearing, consider the student's language and communication needs), opportunities for direct communications with peers and professional personnel in the student's language and communication mode; academic level; and full range of needs, including opportunity for direct instruction in the student's language and communication mode; and
6. Whether assistive technology devices or services are needed.

IEP content must include:

1. The student's present levels of academic and functional performance with a description of how the disability(ies) affect the student's involvement and progress in the general curriculum or preschool activities;
2. Measurable academic and functional annual goals for the student (including benchmarks or short-term objectives if the student is participating in alternate state assessments) that will meet the student's needs resulting from the disability(ies) to enable involvement and progress in the general curriculum or in preschool activities, and will meet the student's other educational needs;
3. A statement of special education services, any necessary related services, and supplementary aids and services based on peer-reviewed research to the extent practicable to be provided to the student and program modifications or supports for personnel so that the student may advance towards annual goals, progress in the general curriculum, and be educated and participate with other special education students and non-disabled students, and participate in extracurricular and other nonacademic activities;
4. A statement of the extent, if any, that the student will not participate with non-disabled students in general classroom, extra-curricular, and non-academic activities;
5. A statement of any individual appropriate accommodations in the administration of state or ESD 112-wide assessments of student achievement that are needed to measure academic achievement and functional performance of the child on state assessments. If the team determines that the student will not participate in a particular assessment, the IEP will address why the student cannot participate in the regular assessment(s), why the particular alternative assessment is appropriate for the child, and document (a) that the parents were informed that their student's academic achievement will be measured on alternate standards, and (b) how participation in an alternate assessment may delay or otherwise affect the student from completing the requirements for a regular high school diploma;
6. The date for the beginning of services and the anticipated frequency, location, and duration of services and modifications;
7. A statement of how the student's progress towards goals will be measured, how the student's parents will be regularly informed of their child's progress towards the annual goals, and whether the progress is sufficient to enable the student to achieve the goal by the end of the year. Measurement of the student's progress will be based on the data collected as designated on the IEP. The individual responsible for implementing the goal is responsible for maintaining the data used to measure progress. Information to the parents can be provided at the same time the ESD 112 issues progress reports or report cards, or other agreed times as identified in the IEP.
8. The projected beginning date for the special education and related services;
9. With an IEP that is in effect when the child turns 16, or sooner if the IEP team determines it is appropriate, a statement of needed transition services and any interagency responsibilities or needed linkages. The transition component must include appropriate measurable postsecondary goals based on age appropriate transition and assessments related to training, education, employment, and independent living skills where appropriate; the transition services (including courses of study) needed to assist the child in reaching those goals; and a description of how the postsecondary goals and transition services align with the high school and beyond plan (HSBP);
10. Emergency response protocols, if determined necessary by the IEP team for the student to receive FAPE and parents provide consent. Emergency response protocols must meet the requirements stated in WAC 392-172A-02105;
11. A behavioral intervention plan (BIP), if determined necessary by the IEP team for a student to receive FAPE. The BIP must meet the requirements stated in WAC 392-172A-01031;

12. The procedures by which parents/guardians will be notified of the use of isolation or restraint or a restraint device on their student (*see Procedure 3246*).
13. A statement regarding transfer of rights at the age of majority. The IEP case-manager will provide prior written notice to the student one year prior to student turning 18 years of age; and
14. Extended school year (ESY) services. The consideration for ESY services is a team decision, based on information provided in the evaluation report and based on the individual needs of a student. ESY services are not limited by categories of disability or limited by type amount or duration of the services. If the need for ESY services is not addressed in the IEP and ESY services may be appropriate for the student, the IEP team will meet by May 1st to address the need for ESY. Factors for the team to consider when determining the need for ESY may include but are not limited to: 1) Evidence of regression or recoupment time based on documented evidence; or 2) A documented determination based on the professional judgment of the IEP team including consideration of the nature and severity of the student's disability, the rate of progress, and emerging skills.

Restraint and Isolation

The ESD 112 will follow Policy 3246 and 3246P (Restraint, Isolation and Other Uses of Reasonable Force) regarding the use of restraint or isolation.

Transfer Students

Students who transfer from one district to another within the state continue to be eligible for special education and any necessary related services. When an eligible student transfers into an ESA partner school district, the building principal or their designee will notify their ESA special education evaluation case manager. The special education evaluation case-manager, in consultation with parents, will review the student's IEP to ensure the ESD 112 provides services comparable to those in the previous IEP until the ESD 112 adopts the previous IEP or develops, adopts and implements a new IEP.

When a student who was identified as eligible for special education transfers from out of state into the ESD 112, the building principal or their designee will notify the special education department as soon as possible. The evaluation case-manager will review the evaluation, eligibility documentation, and IEP to determine whether or not the student meets state eligibility criteria. If the student meets the state eligibility criteria, the ESD 112 will follow the procedures described in the previous paragraph to provide comparable services until the ESD 112 develops an IEP for the student. If the student needs to be evaluated to determine eligibility in this state, the evaluation case-manager will notify the parents, obtain consent, and evaluate the student for eligibility within 35 school days of the receipt of the parent's consent. The ESD 112, in consultation with the parents, will continue to provide special education services comparable to the services on the student's IEP, pending the results of the initial evaluation.

The ESD 112 must take reasonable steps to obtain records promptly, including IEP supporting documents and any other records related to special education or related services from the previous school. The ESD 112's student records specialist is responsible for obtaining and forwarding records.

Placement

No student may receive special education and related services without being determined eligible for services, and thus the evaluation process and IEP development precedes the determination of the special education placement. When a student has been evaluated and the evaluation team and parent have determined student eligibility and the need for special education and related services, programming decisions must occur. These decisions are made on the basis of information generated through the evaluation and IEP processes. The actual program is considered within the context of the least restrictive environment (LRE) and the continuum of placement alternatives (reviewed below). When determining initial eligibility for special education, including determination of the appropriate placement, the parent or adult student must provide written consent for services before the student receives special education services. If the parents do not consent to the provision of special education and related services, the ESD 112 will not provide special education services to the student. The ESD 112 will notify the parents that the student is eligible for services and that the ESD 112 is willing to provide the services when the parent provides written consent. The notification will also inform parents that the ESD 112 has no FAPE obligation to the student when parents refuse to provide consent.

When program decisions are addressed by the IEP team, proper consideration must be given to the LRE.

Within the educational setting, the student should be placed, whenever possible:

1. In the school the disabled student would normally attend; and
2. With non-disabled students in the general educational setting to the maximum extent possible.

Special classes, separate schools, or removal of students with disabilities from the general education environment occurs only when the nature or severity of the disability is such that education in the general education classroom with use of supplementary aids and services cannot be satisfactorily achieved.

If the IEP team believes that the student will not be successful within the general education classroom, the team will consider:

1. The educational benefits of full-time placement in a regular classroom;
2. The non-academic benefits of such a placement;
3. The effect the student will have on the teacher and other students in the regular classroom; and
4. The costs of placing the student in the regular classroom.

The degree to which the student is to be integrated into the general classroom setting is dependent upon the identified needs of the student. This placement is to occur unless the nature of the needs are so severe that this cannot be satisfactorily achieved, even with supplementary aids and services. If the placement is in another building, the appropriate educational placement will be as close to the student's home as reasonably possible.

Within the nonacademic setting, students will be provided nonacademic and extracurricular activities with non-disabled students. Nonacademic and extracurricular services and activities may include counseling services, athletics, transportation, health services, recreational activities, special interest groups or clubs sponsored by the ESA partner school district, referrals to agencies that provide assistance to individuals with disabilities, and employment of students, including both employment by the public agency and assistance in making outside employment available. Limits on nonparticipation or conditions of participation must be designated in the IEP.

The ESA partner school districts will also make opportunities available for students eligible for special education to participate with non-disabled students in the district's art, music, industrial arts, computer, consumer classes, home economics classes and other elective courses offered by the district.

Within the ESA partner school district a continuum of alternative placement options exists, spanning from a general education class or regular early childhood program, resource room, self-contained, home-bound, and out-of-district provisions. These options are intended to address the individual needs of students, including preschool students with disabilities, and they are considered according to the following process:

The placement of each student with a disability will be determined annually, or sooner if appropriate, by the IEP team.

The appropriateness of placement options will be based upon various decisions including:

1. Data-based judgments in IEP development;
2. Judgments (data-based) in determining LRE;
3. The reasonable probability of the placement option(s) assisting the student to attain annual goals and objectives and the quality of services needed; and
4. The consideration of potentially harmful effects upon the student or on the quality of services needed.

Placement options along the continuum must include alternative placement options identified in the definition of special education and make provisions for supplementary services such as resource room or itinerant instruction to be provided in concert with the general education placement.

Students Unilaterally Enrolled in Private Nonprofit Schools by Parents

On November 1st of each year the ESD 112 will conduct an annual count of the number of private elementary and secondary school students eligible for special education who are unilaterally enrolled by their parents in a private school located within ESD 112 boundaries. The ESD 112 special education administration assigned to each ESA member district will have timely and meaningful consultation with appropriate representatives of private schools and representatives of parents of private school students and make determinations about who will receive services and what services will be provided. The purpose of the child count is to determine the proportionate amount that the ESD 112 must spend on providing special education and related services, including transportation, to private elementary or secondary school students in the next fiscal year.

The ESD 112 is required to spend a proportionate amount of federal special education Part B and Section 619 funds to provide special education and related services to private school students. In order to determine which students will receive services, what services will be provided, how and where the services will be provided, and how services provided will be evaluated, the ESD 112 will consult with appropriate representatives and parents of private school students. The ESD 112 will make the final decision with respect to services to be provided to eligible private school students. The special education office will notify each approved nonprofit private school or preschool operating in the ESA partner member school districts seeking recommendations of persons to serve as representatives of special education private school students, in consultation with the ESD 112. An initial meeting will be called by the ESD 112 to establish a work plan and schedule with the private school representatives the delivery of services, if appropriate, and representatives of private school parents to discuss how to identify students, the amount of proportionate share, how the proportionate allocation was calculated, which students will receive services, what services will be provided, how and where services will be provided, and how services will be evaluated.

The special education administrator assigned to each ESA member district is responsible for private school involvement and service plan development. A private school student has no individual entitlement to any service or amount of service (s)he would have received if enrolled in a public school to receive FAPE. However, for each private school student receiving special education or related services, the ESD 112 will initiate and conduct meetings to develop, review, and revise a services plan describing the special education and related services that the ESD 112 will provide. The services plan must: (1) meet IEP content requirements as appropriate; and (2) be developed, reviewed, implemented, and revised annually consistent with the requirements for IEP review. The ESD 112 will make every effort to include a representative from the private school at each meeting. If the private school representative is not able to attend, the ESD 112 will use other methods, including individual or conference telephone calls, to assure the representative's participation.

Private school students may receive a different amount of services than students in public schools who receive special education. However, the special education services provided to eligible private school students will be provided by personnel meeting the same standards as personnel providing the services in the ESD 112.

Services to students in private schools including private sectarian schools may be provided on-site. ESD 112 personnel may be made available to private schools only to the extent necessary to provide the services required, if those services are not normally provided by the private school. Services will not include payment of private school teachers' or other employees' salaries, except for services performed outside regular private school hours and under public supervision and control.

Equipment and/or supplies may be placed on private school premises for the period of time necessary for the services plan program, but the ESD 112 will retain and exercise title and administrative control of said equipment/supplies. The ESD 112 will keep records and make an accounting, ensuring that said equipment/supplies is/are used solely for the services plan program. Said equipment/supplies will be removed if necessary to avoid its/their use for other purposes or if no longer needed for the services plan program. No ESD 112 funds will be used for repairs, minor remodeling, or construction of private school facilities.

The ESD 112 will provide services to students in private schools in a manner that: (1) maintains physical and administrative separation between the private and public school programs; and (2) does not benefit the private school at public expense.

Contracts with Authorized Entities

The ESD 112 may contract with private schools approved by the state board of education under RCW 28A.305.130, other private in-state entities, and any out-of-state entities authorized by the office of superintendent of public instruction to provide special education and related services to students with

disabilities. The ESD 112 must enter into a written contract with the authorized entity that establishes the responsibilities of the district and authorized entity and sets forth the rights of students with disabilities placed in the authorized entity. This contract must include the following:

1. The names of the parties and the name of the student placed in the authorized entity;
2. The locations and settings of the education and related services to be provided;
3. A description of the opportunities for the student to meet a program for basic education that meets the goals of RCW 28A.150.210;
4. When applicable, a description of the opportunities for the student to either meet high school graduation requirements under RCW 28A.230.090 or to earn a high school equivalency certificate under RCW 28B.50.536 or laws of the state in which the authorized entity is located;
5. A schedule, of at least once per academic term, for the authorized entity to provide to the district student progress reports describing how the student is meeting personalized learning outcomes;
6. The total contract cost and applicable charge and reimbursement systems, including billing and payment procedures;
7. Acknowledgement that the authorized entity is responsible for full reimbursement of any overpayments determined to have been made by the district;
8. Acknowledgement that the authorized entity has a list of staff members providing the education and related services and a copy of the license that qualifies each staff member to provide the service;
9. Agreement by the authorized entity to employ or contract with at least one licensed teacher with special education endorsement;
10. Acknowledgement that the staff of the authorized entity are regularly trained on the following:
 - The constitutional and civil rights of students in schools;
 - Child and adolescent development;
 - Trauma-informed approaches to working with children and youth;
 - Cultural competency, diversity, equity, and inclusion, including best practices for interacting with students from particular backgrounds including English learner, LGBTQ, immigrant, female, and nonbinary student;
 - Student isolation and restraint requirements under RCW 28A.600.485;
 - The federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, Title 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g requirements regarding access to and dissemination of student information;
 - Recognizing and responding to student mental health issues; and
 - Educational rights of students with disabilities, the relationship of disability to behavior, and best practices for interacting with students with disabilities.
11. Acknowledgement that the ESD 112 and the authorized entity have clearly established their respective responsibilities and processes for student data collection and reporting;
12. Acknowledgement that the authorized entity will promptly submit to the district any complaints it receives;
13. Acknowledgement that the authorized entity will submit other information required by the district or OSPI;
14. Acknowledgement that the authorized entity must comply with student isolation and restraint requirements under RCW 28A.600.485;
15. Acknowledgement that the authorized entity will notify OSPI and every district with which it contracts of:
 - Any major program changes that occur during the authorization period, including adding or eliminating the type of programs available to students; and
 - Of any complaints it receives regarding services to students, as well as any law enforcement incident reports involving the authorized entity and its enrolled students.
1. Acknowledgement that the authorized entity must comply with all relevant Washington state and federal laws applicable to school districts;
2. Acknowledgement that the ESD 112 must provide OSPI with the opportunity to review the contract and related documentation upon request.

The ESD 112 will conduct an annual on-site visit to any authorized entity it contracts with to confirm that the health and safety of the facilities, the staffing qualifications and levels, and the procedural safeguards are sufficient to provide a safe and appropriate learning environment for students. The ESD 112 may arrange for another school district to complete the annual on-site visit on its behalf, so long as the other school district conducting the visit provides a written report documenting the results of the visit and any concerns about the learning environment.

The ESD 112 will provide the following documents to the parents or guardians of each student placed in the authorized entity:

1. A summary of the district's and authorized entity's responsibilities and processes for reporting

- incidents of restraint and isolation under RCW 28A.600.485; and
2. A copy of the complaint procedure developed by OSPI.

The ESD 112 shall report to OSPI and the office of the Washington state auditor any concerns the school district has about overbilling by the authorized entity.

Procedural Safeguards

A. Notice of Procedural Safeguards

In addition to protections provided to parents of eligible students, parents also have procedural safeguard protections when a student's identification, evaluation, or placement is at issue. The school ESD 112 IEP case-manager will provide a copy of the procedural safeguards notice to the parents and adult students once a year and:

1. Upon initial referral or parent request for evaluation;
2. Upon receipt of the parent's first state complaint and first request for due process hearing in a school year;
3. Upon a disciplinary action that will result in a disciplinary change of placement; and
4. Upon request by the parent.

The procedural safeguard notice used by the ESD 112 includes a full explanation of all the procedural safeguards relating to independent educational evaluation, prior written notice, parental consent, access to educational records, discipline procedures for students who are subject to placement in an interim alternative educational setting, requirements for unilateral placement by parents of children in private schools at public expense, state complaint procedures, mediation, the child's placement during pendency of due process proceedings including requirements for disclosure of evidence, due process hearings, civil actions and attorney's fees. Copies of the ESD 112's special education procedural safeguards are available at each school within the ESA member district, ESD 112 (by contacting the ESD 112's special education department at 360 750-7500) or on the OSPI [website](#).

B. Consent

The ESD 112 will obtain informed, written parental consent before:

1. Conducting an initial evaluation;
2. Providing initial special education and related services to a student; and
3. Conducting a reevaluation if the reevaluation includes administration of additional assessments.

Parental consent is not required to review existing data as part of an evaluation or reevaluation, or to administer a test or other evaluation that is administered to all students unless consent is required of all students' parents.

Informed consent means that the parent or adult student:

1. Has been fully informed of all information that is relevant to the activity for which the ESD 112 is asking consent, and that the information is provided in his or her native language or other mode of communication;
2. Understands and agrees in writing to the activity for which consent is sought and the consent describes the activity and lists any records which will be released and to whom; and
3. Understands that the granting of consent is voluntary and may be revoked at any time. If consent is revoked, the revocation does not negate an action that has occurred after the consent was given and before the consent was revoked.

The ESD 112 may not use a parent's refusal to consent to one service or activity to deny the parent or child any other service, benefit, or activity of the ESD 112.

If the ESD 112 is unable to obtain a parent's consent, the ESD 112 may use mediation procedures to obtain a parent's consent or request a due process hearing asking the administrative law judge to override the parent's refusal to consent to an evaluation or reevaluation. The ESD 112 may not request a due process hearing to override a parent's refusal to consent to initial special education services. The ESD 112 may not use mediation or due process procedures to override a parent's refusal to consent to an evaluation or reevaluation if the student is homeschooled or enrolled in a private school.

C. Revocation of Consent

Parents may revoke consent for the continued receipt of special education and related services. If parents revoke consent, the staff member receiving the revocation will forward the revocation to the special education case manager, the special education administrator assigned to the ESA member district or to the director of the ESA.

Upon receipt of the parent's written notice of revocation, the IEP case manager and special education administrator assigned to the ESA member district:

1. Will provide prior written notice within a reasonable time before the ESD 112 stops providing services. The notice will include information about the effect of revocation and will inform the parent of the date the ESD 112 will stop providing special education and related services.

Discontinuation of special education and related services in response to the parent's written revocation will not be in violation of FAPE and eliminates the ESD 112's requirement to convene an IEP meeting or develop an IEP. However, the ESD 112 does have a continuing Child Find duty, and staff will follow referral procedures if they believe the student should be referred for special education. In addition, parents may request that the ESD 112 conduct an initial evaluation for eligibility for special education services after they have revoked consent for continued services.

D. Prior Written Notice

Prior written notices are provided to parents when a ESD 112 makes a decision relating to a student's identification, evaluation, placement, or provision of a FAPE. Prior written notices document the decisions made by the IEP teams and evaluation group.

The ESD 112 will provide prior written notice to the parent whenever the ESD 112 proposes or refuses to initiate or change the identification, evaluation, educational placement, or provision of a FAPE to the student.

The prior written notice will include:

1. A statement that the parents have procedural safeguard protections and if a copy of the procedural safeguards does not accompany the notice, a statement that describes how a copy of the statement of procedural safeguards may be obtained;
2. A description of the action proposed or refused by the ESD 112;
3. An explanation of why the ESD 112 proposes or refuses to take the action and a description of other options that the ESD 112 considered and the reasons why the options were rejected.
4. A description of any other factors which are relevant to the ESD 112's proposal or refusal;
5. A description of each evaluation procedure, test, record, or report the ESD 112 used as a basis for the proposal or refusal; and
6. A description of any evaluation procedures the ESD 112 proposes to conduct and sources for parents to contact for assistance in understanding the procedural safeguards provision of this chapter.

Prior written notice and the notice of procedural safeguards must be provided in the native language of the parent or other mode of communication used by the parent unless it is clearly not feasible to do so. If the native language or other mode of communication of the parent is not a written language, the ESD 112 will take steps to ensure that the notice is translated orally or by other means to the parent. This may involve:

1. Arranging for an interpreter if English is not the native language of the parent or if the parent has a hearing impairment; or
2. Providing notice orally if the written language is not a native language.

The evaluation or IEP case-manager, will document in writing how this information was provided and that the parent understands the content of the notice.

E. Transfer of Educational Rights to an Adult Student

When a student eligible for special education reaches the age of 18, all educational rights under Part B of the IDEA, previously exercised by the parent, transfer to the student, unless the student is determined incapacitated in a guardianship proceeding or the ESD 112 has appointed an educational representative for the student. When the student turns 18, the ESD 112 IEP case-manager will notify the parent and student that the educational rights have transferred to the student and will send any required notices to both the parent and the adult student.

At an IEP meeting occurring one year before the student turns 18, the IEP case-manager will inform the parents and the student that educational rights will transfer to the student and the ESD 112 will inform the student about those educational rights. This information will be documented on the IEP.

Appointment of an Educational Representative

A student over the age of eighteen is presumed to be capable of making educational decisions and able to provide informed consent unless he or she is determined to be "incapacitated" through a legal guardianship proceeding. If a parent, another interested party, or the ESD 112 believes that a student over the age of eighteen is unable to provide informed consent or to make educational decisions, and the student does not have a legal guardian, the parent or other interested party may ask the ESD 112 to appoint an educational representative. This determination will only be made if two separate professionals, as defined by WAC 392-172A-05135(5)(a), state that they conducted an examination and interviewed the student, and concluded the student is incapable of providing informed consent. The ESD 112 will inform the student of the decision and appoint the spouse, the student's parents, another adult or a surrogate educational representative to represent the student. The appointment of the educational representative will continue for one year.

The student or other adult may challenge the certification at any time. If a challenge occurs, the ESD 112 will not rely on the education representative, until the representative is recertified.

Confidentiality and Records Management

The ESD 112 special education and building administrative team in each ESA partner district are responsible for maintaining the confidentiality of personally identifiable information pertaining to special education and all other students. The ESD 112 Specialized Student Services Department will maintain, for public inspection, a current list of the names and positions of ESD 112 employees who have access to personally identifiable information of special education students. The ESD 112 will provide parent and adult students, upon request, a list of the types and locations of educational records collected, maintained, or used by the ESD 112.

The ESD 112 will provide instruction annually to employees collecting or using personally identifiable information on the procedures to protect the confidentiality of personally identifiable information. The training will address the protections outlined in WAC 392-172A, state law and federal regulations implementing the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, FERPA, (34 CFR Part 99).

Upon request, the parent(s) of a special education student or adult student will be afforded an opportunity to inspect, review, and challenge all educational records, which will include, but not be limited to, the identification, evaluation, delivery of educational services and provision of FAPE to the student. The ESD 112 will comply with the request promptly and before any meeting regarding an IEP or hearing relating to the identification, evaluation, educational placement of the student, or provision of FAPE to the student, including disciplinary proceedings. The ESA and/or district will respond, in no case, more than 10 business days after the request has been made. If an educational record includes information on more than one

student, the parents (and/or adult student) may inspect and review only information relating to their child. School personnel receiving requests for educational records will immediately forward the request to special education administration in the ESA partner district, who will notify and immediately forward to the special education records department at the ESD 112.

If parents believe that information in an education record is inaccurate or misleading or violates the privacy or rights of the student, they may request that the ESD 112 amend the information. Policy and Procedure 3231, Student Records, describes the process and timelines for challenges and hearings regarding student records (*ESD 112 note: please make sure that this is the correct cross-reference to the general education student record procedure. You may also wish to reprint the procedure here. If you are unfamiliar with this or do not have the policy, please refer to WSSDA sample policy and procedure 3231, Student Records.*)

The ESD 112 follows the guidelines for records retention outlined in the Secretary of State's, *General Records Retention Schedule and Records Management Manual*. The ESD 112 will inform parents or adult students when personally identifiable information collected, maintained, or used is no longer needed to provide educational services to the student. The information will be destroyed at the request of the parent(s) or adult student, or will be provided to the parent or adult student upon their request. However, a permanent record of the student's name, address and phone number, his or her grades, attendance, record, classes attended, grade level completed and year completed will be maintained without time limitation.

Records management is also governed by ESD 112 Policy and Procedure 4040, Public Access to ESD 112 Records.

A. Surrogate Parents

A surrogate parent is a person appointed by the school ESD 112 to act on behalf of a student to help ensure the rights of the student to a FAPE when a parent cannot be identified, the whereabouts of the parent are unknown or the student is a ward of the state and does not have a foster parent.

The Director of the ESA is responsible for determining the need for appointment of a surrogate parent.

Natural or adoptive parents, foster parents, persons acting in the place of a parent such as stepparents or relatives, and persons with legal custody or guardianship are considered parents. Students who are homeless and not living with a parent may need a surrogate parent.

The following is guidance for the ESD 112 to follow to assist in determining the status of the parent's rights to make educational decisions:

1. In cases where the student is in and out of home care the ESD 112 must determine the legal custodial status of the child.
2. Parents who have voluntarily placed their child in state placement still retain legal custody of the child and retain the right to make educational decisions. In this situation the student is not a ward of the state;
3. Parents whose children are placed in group care, pending a determination of "dependency" may still retain rights to make educational decisions unless otherwise ordered by the court;
4. When a disposition order and order of dependency is issued, the state becomes the legal as well as physical custodian of the child. Parents may no longer have the right to make educational decisions during this stage of dependency.
5. Parents whose parental rights are terminated no longer have the right to make educational decisions on behalf their child.

When a student is placed in foster care the foster parent may act as the parent. When a student is placed in group care, the ESD 112 will work with the parents, case-worker(s), foster parents, and others who have knowledge of the student's legal status in order to determine the need for appointment of a surrogate.

When selecting a surrogate parent, the ESD 112 will select a person willing to participate in making decisions regarding the student's educational program, including participation in the identification, evaluation, placement of, and provisions of FAPE to the student.

If a student is referred for special education or a student eligible for special education who may require a surrogate parent transfers into an ESA partner school district, the ESD 112 specialized student services office will be notified of the potential need. The ESD 112 executive director of specialized student services will then select a trained individual who can adequately represent the student to ensure that all student rights are observed.

The person selected as a surrogate:

1. Must have no interest that conflicts with the interests of the student he or she represents;
2. Must have knowledge and skills that assure adequate representation of the student; and
3. May not be an employee of a school ESD 112 and/or other agency that is involved in the education or care of the student. This includes OSPI, DSHS, ESD 112 employees, and group care providers.

The ESD 112 will at a minimum, review with the surrogate parent procedural safeguards, parent involvement in the special education process, parent education publications, and special education regulations. The ESD 112 will also cooperate with other regional school districts, the local ESD, or OSPI in training surrogate parents and in establishing a list of persons willing and able to serve as surrogate parents.

B. Mediation

The purpose of mediation is to offer both the parent and the school ESD 112 an alternative to a formal due process hearing. Mediation is voluntary and requires the consent and agreement of both parties. Mediation cannot be used to deny or delay access by a parent to a due process hearing. Mediation is used to resolve disagreements concerning the identification, evaluation, and delivery of educational services, or provision of a FAPE to a special education student. Mediation may be terminated by either party at any time during the process.

The primary participants are the parents, school ESD 112 representatives, and mediator. The process is voluntary, confidential, and informal. It is a collaborative process, conducted in a non-adversarial manner. Mediation services will be provided by OSPI at no cost to either party.

The ESD 112's special education director is responsible for coordinating requests for mediation. If a parent requests mediation, notify the director and the director will respond to the parent and coordinate with OSPI's contracted agent. Staff members are reminded that discussions that occur during the mediation process are confidential.

One person designated by the ESD 112 to attend the mediation must have authority to bind the ESD 112 in any agreement reached through mediation.

Due Process Hearing

Both parents and ESD 112s may file due process hearings involving the identification, evaluation, placement, or provision of FAPE to a student. IDEA requires that specific information be provided as part of a due process hearing request. The requirements are identified in the notice of procedural safeguards. If parents request information about how to file a due process hearing, the ESD 112 will provide the parent with a due process hearing request that contains the required information. Due process hearing request forms are available from the office of specialized student services at the ESD 112 (360 750-7500) and on the OSPI Special Education website.

If any staff receives a request for a due process hearing, a copy of the request should be immediately forwarded to the ESD 112 Executive Director of Specialized Student Services. Parents are entitled to a copy of the notice of procedural safeguards if this is the first due process hearing in a school year. The ESD 112 Executive Director of Specialized Student Services is responsible for providing the parents a copy of the procedural safeguards in this situation, and documenting that the safeguards were provided to the parent.

When a parent files a due process hearing, the student remains in the placement at the time of the request for hearing, unless the parents and ESD 112 agree to a different placement. The student's status during the pendency of any proceedings does not preclude the IEP team from meeting, as needed or as required, and updating and implementing the student's IEP, unless those changes are in dispute. See the discipline section

below for placements when a disciplinary action is challenged.

When parents file a request for a due process hearing, the Executive Director of Specialized Student Services or their designee will immediately schedule a resolution meeting. The meeting must occur within 15 days after a parent files a due process request with the ESD 112 and provides a copy of the request to OAH, or, within seven days if the hearing request involves an expedited hearing regarding discipline. The Executive Director of Specialized Student Services will determine the appropriate ESD 112 staff that will attend the resolution meeting. The ESD 112 will ensure that one of the ESD 112 representatives attending the resolution meeting has authority to bind the ESD 112 in any resolution agreement. The ESD 112 will not bring ESD 112 counsel to a resolution meeting unless the parent is bringing an attorney to the meeting.

Any resolution agreement reached will be documented in writing and is binding on the parties. The document will inform the parent of their right to void the agreement within three business days of signing the agreement.

Discipline

Students eligible for special education may be disciplined consistent with the disciplinary rules that apply to all students. ESA partner school district administration, in collaboration with the ESD 112, will determine on a case-by-case basis whether discipline that is permitted under [WAC 392-400](#) should occur. However, students eligible for special education must not be improperly excluded from school for disciplinary reasons that are related to their disability or related to the ESD 112's failure to implement a student's IEP. The ESD 112 will take steps to ensure that each employee, contractor, and other agents of the ESD 112 responsible for education or care of a student is knowledgeable of special education disciplinary rules.

A. Removal Up to Ten Days

The building administrator may order the removal of a special education student from a current placement. The ESD 112 need not provide services to a student who is removed from the current placement for ten school days or less in any school year, if services are not provided to a student without disabilities.

B. Removal for More than Ten Days

Once a student has been removed from placement for a total of ten school days in the same school year, and if the ESD 112 determines that the removal is not a change of placement, the ESD 112 must, during subsequent days of removal, provide appropriate services to the extent necessary to enable the student to participate in the general curriculum, although in another setting, and to progress toward meeting the goals set out in the student's IEP special education administrator assigned to the ESA member district and IEP case-manager, in consultation with one or more of the student's teachers, will make the determination of such necessary services.

C. Change in Placement

A change of placement occurs when an eligible student is:

1. Removed from his or her current placement for more than ten consecutive school days in a school year; or
2. Subjected to a series of removals in a school year that constitute a pattern of removal because: 1) the series of removals total more than ten school days in a year; 2) the student behavior is substantially similar to the student's behavior in previous incidents that resulted in the series of removals; and 3) because of factors such as the length of each removal, the total amount of time a student is removed, and the proximity of the removals to one another.

Whether a pattern of removal constitutes a change in placement is determined on a case-by-case basis by the building principal and special education administrator assigned to the ESA partner district is subject to review through due process and judicial proceedings. Building administration will inform the special education administrator assigned to the ESA partner district of any student removal that may meet the *Change in Placement* criteria outlined in this section (if the special education administrator is not already involved in the removal decision)

D. Manifestation Determination

Within ten school days after the date on which the ESD 112 makes a decision to change the student's placement, the ESD 112 will conduct a manifestation determination meeting to determine the relationship between the student's disability and the behavior subject to the disciplinary action.

The review of the relationship between a student's disability and the behavior subject to the disciplinary action will occur at a meeting that includes the parent and relevant members of the IEP team who are selected by the parent and the special education administrator assigned to the ESA partner district. The team will review all relevant information in the student's file, including the IEP, teacher observations, and information provided by the parent to determine:

1. If the conduct was caused by or had a direct and substantial relationship to the child's disability; or
2. If the conduct in question was the direct result of the ESD 112's failure to implement the student's IEP.

If the team determines that the behavior resulted from any of the above, the behavior must be considered a manifestation of the student's disability.

The ESD 112 will take immediate action to remedy the deficiencies, and will:

1. Conduct a functional behavioral assessment (unless already completed) and implement a behavioral intervention plan if one is not already in place; or
2. Review the existing behavioral intervention plan and modify it to address the behavior; and
3. Return the child to the placement from which he or she was removed from unless the parents and the ESD 112 agree a change is necessary as part of the behavioral intervention plan, or unless the infraction involves drugs, weapons, or serious bodily injury.

E. Special Circumstances

School personnel may order a change in placement to an appropriate interim alternative educational setting for the same amount of time that a student without disabilities would be subject to discipline, but for not more than 45 school days, if a special education student:

1. Possesses a "dangerous weapon" or carries such a weapon to school or to a school function;
2. Knowingly possesses or uses "illegal drugs" while at school or a school function;
3. Sells or solicits the sale of a "controlled substance" while at school or a school function; or
4. Inflicts serious bodily injury upon another person while at school or a school function. Serious bodily injury means a substantial risk of death, extreme physical pain, protracted and obvious disfigurement, or protracted loss or impairment of the function of a bodily member, organ, or mental faculty.

Any interim alternative educational setting in which the student is placed is determined by the student's IEP team and will:

1. Be selected so as to enable the student to participate in the general curriculum, although in another setting and to progress toward meeting the goals set out in the student's IEP; and
2. Include services and modifications designed to address the behavior or to prevent the behavior from recurring.

The ESD 112 may ask an administrative law judge, or seek injunctive relief through a court having jurisdiction of the parties, to order a change in placement to an appropriate interim alternative educational setting for not more than 45 school days or seek injunctive relief through a court having jurisdiction of the parties when:

The ESD 112 believes that maintaining the student's current placement is substantially likely to result in injury to the student or others. If the student's IEP team believes that the student may

not be maintained in his or her current placement, the IEP team should work with the ESD 112's Director of the ESA and/or the Executive Director of Specialized Student Services.

Unless the parent and the ESD 112 agree otherwise, if a parent requests a hearing to challenge either the manifestation determination or the interim alternative educational setting, the student must remain in the interim alternative educational setting pending the decision of the hearing officer or until the expiration of the 45-day period, whichever occurs first.

F. Basis of Knowledge

A student who has not been determined eligible for special education services may assert the protections afforded special education students who are disciplined if the ESD 112 had knowledge that the student was eligible for special education before the behavior that precipitated disciplinary action occurred.

The ESD 112 is deemed to have knowledge if:

1. The parent expressed concern in writing (or orally if the parent does not know how to write or has a disability that prevents a written statement) to ESD 112 supervisory or administrative personnel or a teacher that the student is in need of special education and related services;
2. The parent requested that the student be evaluated for special education services; or
3. The teacher or other school personnel has expressed specific concern about a pattern of behavior demonstrated by the student to the director of the special education department or to other supervisory staff.

If the Principal institutes disciplinary action that would exceed ten days and believes that one or more of these events applies to the student, the principal will notify the special education department to determine the appropriate disciplinary procedures.

The ESD 112 is not deemed to have knowledge if, as a result of receiving the information described above, the ESD 112 either:

1. Conducted a special education evaluation of the student and determined that the student was not eligible for services; or
2. The parent of the student has not allowed an evaluation of the child or has refused services.

If the ESD 112 is not deemed to have knowledge that a student is eligible for special education services, the student may be disciplined as a student without disabilities who engages in comparable behaviors. If a request to evaluate the student is made while the student is excluded, the ESD 112 will expedite the evaluation. Until the evaluation is completed, such a student will remain in the educational placement determined by the ESD 112, which could include suspension or expulsion.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the ESD 112 and/or the ESA partner school district may report a crime committed by a student eligible for special education services to appropriate authorities. In the event of such a report, the ESD 112 will ensure that copies of the student's special education and disciplinary records are transmitted for consideration by the appropriate authorities to whom the crime is reported, to the extent transmission of the records is permitted by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA).

Staff Qualifications

All employees of the ESD 112 funded in whole or part with state or federal excess special education funds will meet the standards established by the Professional Educator Standards Board (PESB) and defined in [WAC 392-172A-02090](#).

All employees will hold such credentials, certificates, or permits as are now or hereafter required by the PESB for the particular position of employment and will meet such supplemental standards established by the ESD 112.

Special education and related services must be provided by appropriately qualified staff. Other staff

including general education teachers and paraeducators may assist in the provision of special education and related services, provided that the instruction is designed and supervised by special education certificated staff (or early childhood special education certificated staff, deaf education certificated staff, deaf education with American Sign Language proficiency certificated staff, teacher of the visually impaired certificated staff), or for related services by a certificated educational staff associate. Student progress must be monitored and evaluated by special education certificated staff, or for related services, a certificated educational staff associate.

In the event a special education teacher does not have a certificate endorsed in special education (or early childhood special education endorsement, deaf education endorsement, deaf education with American Sign Language proficiency endorsement, teacher of the visually impaired endorsement), the ESD 112 may apply for a pre-endorsement waiver through the special education section of the OSPI. To qualify for the special education pre-endorsement waiver, the teacher must meet PESB criteria outlined in WAC 181-82-110.

If the ESD 112 must temporarily assign a classroom teacher without a special education endorsement (or early childhood special education endorsement, deaf education endorsement, deaf education with American Sign Language proficiency endorsement, teacher of the visually impaired endorsement) to a special education position, the ESD 112 Employment Manager will document the following in writing:

- A. The ESD 112 is unable to recruit a teacher with the proper endorsement who is qualified for the position.
- B. The need for a teacher with such an endorsement could not have been reasonably anticipated and the recruitment of such a classroom teacher at the time of assignment was not reasonably practical.
- C. The reassignment of another teacher within the ESD 112 would be unreasonably disruptive to the current assignments of other classroom teachers or would have an adverse effect on the educational program of the students assigned to the other teacher.

If one or more of these criteria can be documented and the ESD 112 determines that a teacher has the competencies to be an effective special education teacher and the teacher has completed two hundred forty clock hours (or the equivalent of 24 quarter or 16 semester credits) applicable to one or more Washington state special education teaching certificates (early childhood special education endorsement, deaf education endorsement, deaf education with American Sign Language proficiency endorsement, teacher of the visually impaired endorsement), the ESD 112 can assign the teacher to special education in compliance with the process for making out-of-endorsement assignments and reporting them to the state.

Classified staff will present evidence of skills and knowledge necessary to meet the needs of students with disabilities. The ESD 112 will provide training to classified staff to meet the state recommended core competencies.

Personnel Development

In order to provide a staff development program to improve the quality of instructional programs, the ESD 112 special education administration will ensure special education concerns are identified through TPEP and a staff needs assessment information administrators, teachers, educational staff associates, program assistants, parents, and volunteers.

All personnel who use restraint, restraint devices and/or isolation must be certified and annually trained in the use of such restraint, restraint devices, and/or isolation.

In-service training schedules will be developed based upon the results of the ESD 112 assessment and in support of instructional needs identified via TPEP and/or for identified training needs in response to unique students and/or specific programs;

- 1. Training activities will be conducted for regular general and special education staff, staff of other agencies and organizations and private school staff providing services for students eligible for special education.
- 2. Training for classified staff in the state recommended core competencies will occur through synchronous and asynchronous professional development designed to meet the Fundamental Course of Studies (FCS) as developed and outlined by PSBE. At least 14 hours of the 28 FCS coursework is offered in-person. Additional hours of professional development are also offered by

the ESD 112 (via PD enroller, on the job training and assigned professional development) to be applied to additional endorsements for classified personnel.

Public Participation

Any application and any required policies, procedures, evaluations, plans, and reports are readily available to parents and other members of the public through the ESD 112's special education office and the office of the superintendent. A notice regarding the availability of such documents will be placed on the ESD 112's website, in the ESD 112's Teaching and Learning Newsletter and on the websites for the ESA partner school districts around the region and state.

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